



SLUDGE TECHNOLOGICAL ECOLOGICAL PROGRESS
increasing the quality and reuse of sewage sludge

Results of investigations of sewage sludge composting process- 1st and 2nd stage



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The main goal of the research was to find out how much supplementation can be reduced during the composting of sewage sludge

- **1) evaluation of the C/N ratio during composting**
- **2) influence of the C/N ratio on the compost maturation process**
- **3) influence of the C/N ratio on the transformation of chemical forms of heavy metals**



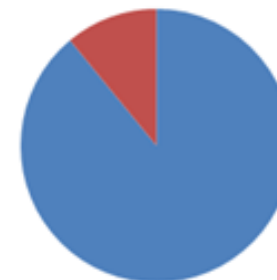
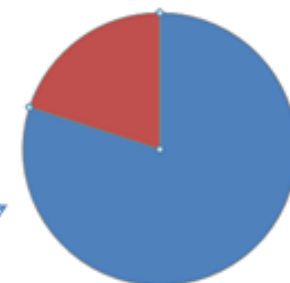
Methodology of field research

stage I

| - components | dewatered sewage sludge | straw | wood chips | inocula (matured compost) | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|------------|---------------------------------|---------|
| series no. 1 (parts, wet mass) | 4 | 1 | 0,5 | 0,5 | (4-1-1) |
| series no. 2 (parts, wet mass) | 8 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (8-1-2) |

stage II

| | dewatered sewage sludge | straw | wood chips | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|------------|---------|
| windrow no. 1 (parts, wet mass) | 1 | 0 | 1 | (1-0-1) |
| windrow no. 2 (parts, wet mass) | 2 | 1 | 1 | (2-1-1) |



sludge



straw

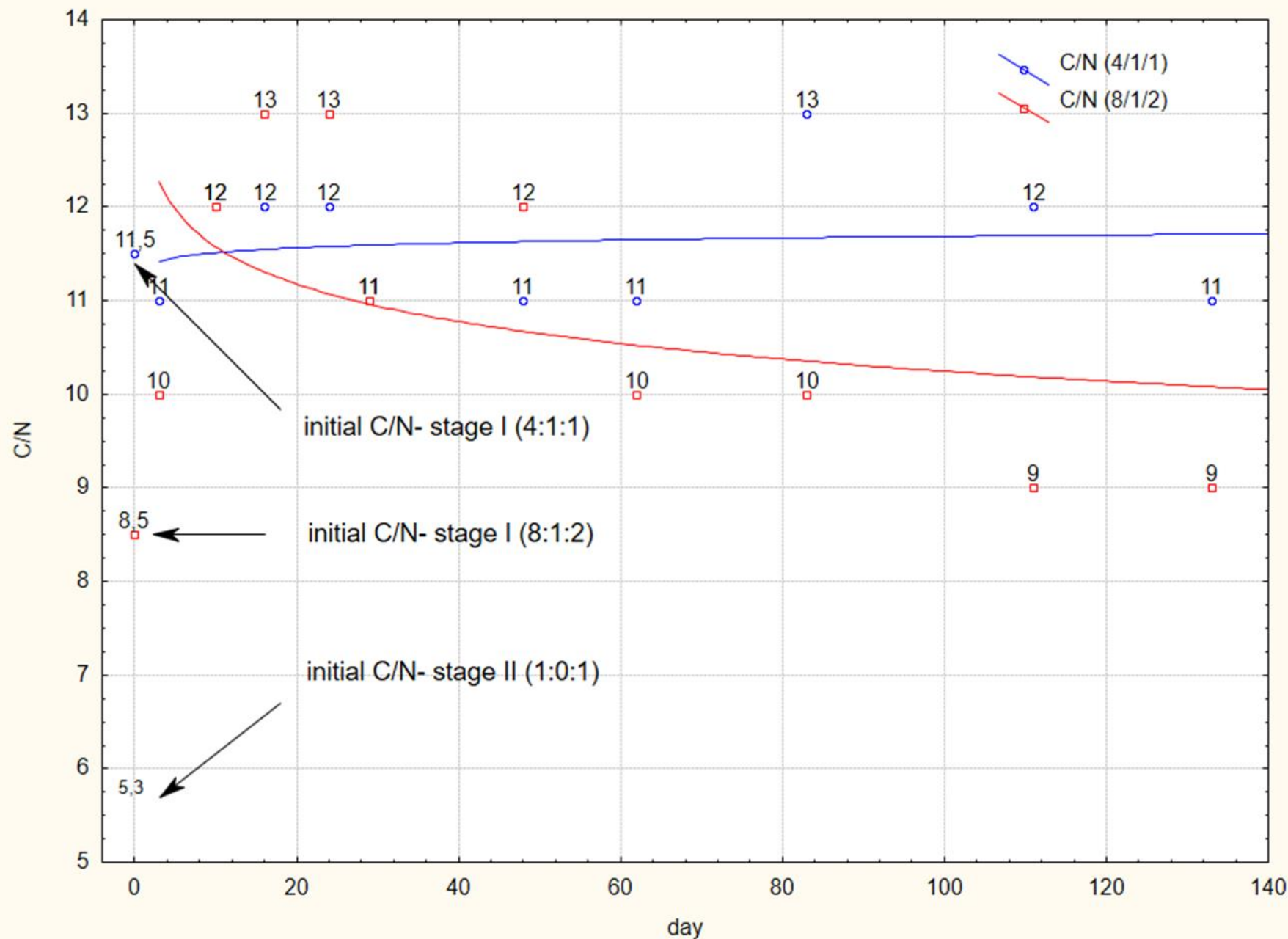


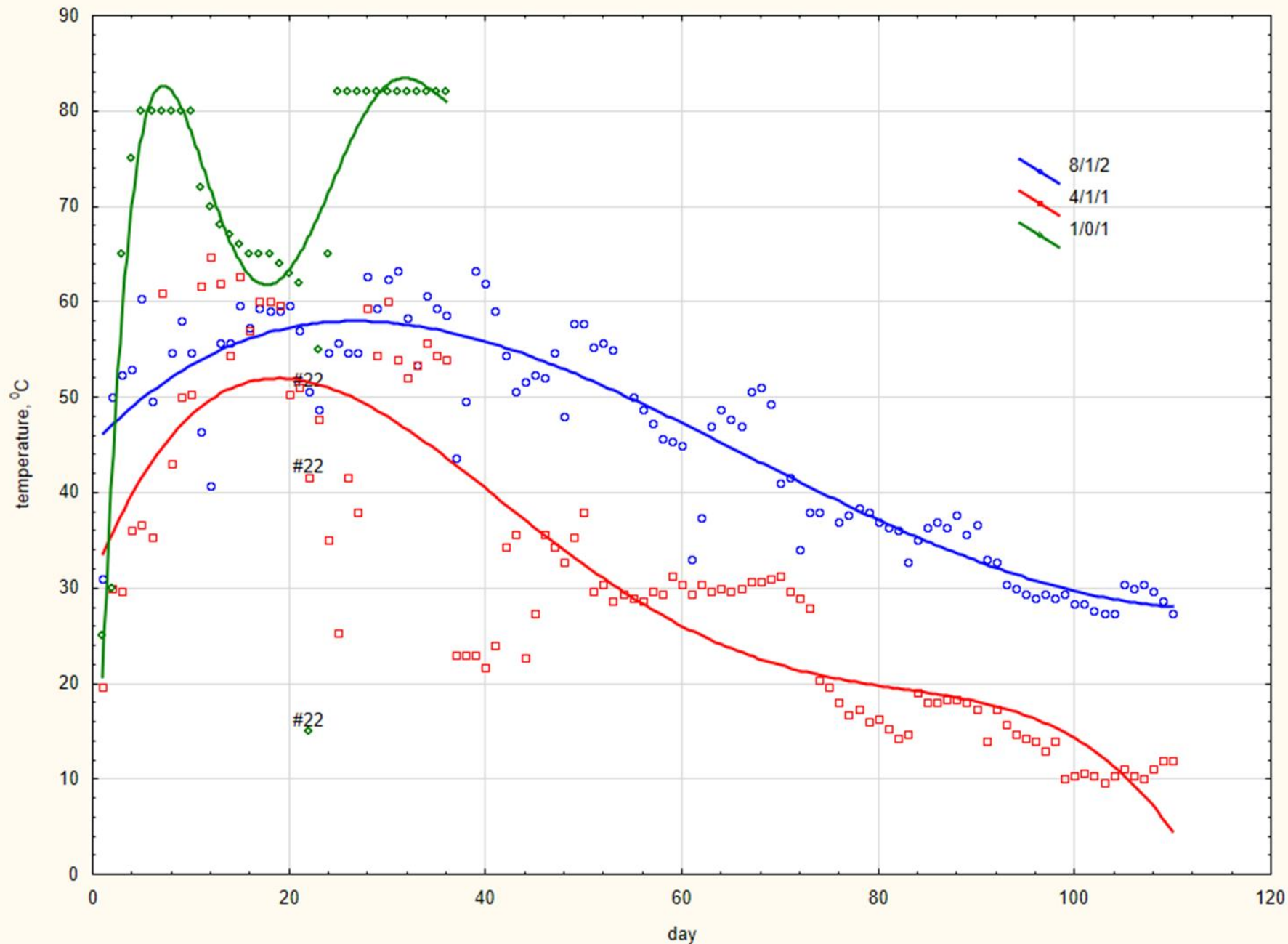




| type of research | parameter | methodology | the number of analyzes | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | | substrate samples | | compost samples | |
| | | | stage I, 4 series | stage II, 2 series | stage I, 4 series | stage II, 2 series |
| | | | sludge/straw/chips | sludge/straw | | |
| Physical and chemical properties | dry mass | PN-R-04006 | 4/4/4 | 2/1 | 40 | 18 |
| | org. matter | PN-Z-15011-3 | 4/4/4 | 2/1 | 40 | 18 |
| | C org. | PN-Z-15011-1,3 | 4/4/4 | 2/1 | 40 | 18 |
| | N tot. | PN-R-04006 | 4/4/4 | 2/1 | 40 | 18 |
| | P tot. | PN-Z-15011-3 | 4/4/4 | 2/1 | 40 | 18 |
| heavy metals | Cr | (AAS) | 4 | - | 40 | - |
| | Cd | | 4 | - | 40 | - |
| | Pb | | 4 | - | 40 | - |
| | Hg | | 4 | - | 40 | - |
| | As (inorganic) | | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| speciation analysis | Zn- fr.I | according to the Tesiers method | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Zn- fr.II | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Zn- fr.III | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Zn- fr.IV | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Zn- fr.V | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Cu- fr.I | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Cu- fr.II | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Cu- fr.III | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Cu- fr.IV | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Cu- fr.V | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Ni- fr.I | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Ni- fr.II | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Ni- fr.III | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Ni- fr.IV | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | Ni- fr.V | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| humic substance | FA | according to the IHSS Standard | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| | HA | | 4 | 2 | 40 | 18 |
| total | | | 184 | 51 | 1040 | 398 |
| all | | | 1673 | | | |

3/6/2021







The main goal of the research was to find out how much supplementation can be reduced during the composting of sewage sludge.

The main scope of the investigation was:

- 1) evaluation of the C/N ratio during composting**
- 2) influence of the C/N ratio on the compost maturation process**
- 3) influence of the C/N ratio on the transformation of chemical forms of heavy metals**



The conditions of sequential extraction according to the Tessier's method

| stage | fraction | extractant | extraction's conditions | |
|-------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | | time | temperature |
| FI | exchangeable | 10 cm ³ 1M CH ₃ COONH ₄ ; pH=7 | 1h | ca 20°C |
| FII | carbonates | 20 cm ³ 1M CH ₃ COONa with H ₃ COOH; pH=2 | 5h | ca 20°C |
| FIII | associated with Fe / Mn oxides | 20 cm ³ 0,4 M NH ₂ OH·HCl w 25% (v/v) CH ₃ COOH | 5h | 95°C |
| FIV | associated with humic substance | a) 5cm ³ 0,02 M HNO ₃ + 5cm ³ 30% H ₂ O ₂ , pH=2 b) 5cm ³ 30% H ₂ O ₂ , pH=2 c) 10 cm ³ 3,2M CH ₃ COONH ₄ in 20% (v/v) HNO ₃ | a) 2h b) 3h c) 0,5h | a) 85°C, b) 85°C, c) ca 20°C |
| FV | residual | determined as the difference of the total value of metals and the sum of fractions FI, FII, FIII, FIV | | |



COUNCIL DIRECTIVE

of 12 June 1986

on the protection of the environment, and in particular of the soil, when sewage sludge is used in agriculture

ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA ŚRODOWISKA¹⁾

z dnia 6 lutego 2015 r.

w sprawie komunalnych osadów ściekowych^{2), 3)}

(ordinance : regarding on municipal sewage sludge)

| material/ regulation | stage | heavy metals, mg/kg <i>dm</i> | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Zn | Cu | Cr | Cd | Pb | Ni | Hg |
| sewage sludge | no. I | 551,75 | 225,25 | 26,25 | 0,5 | 48,5 | 10,5 | 0,55 |
| | no. II | 531,5 | 216,75 | - | - | - | 13,75 | - |
| 86/278/2001/EU | | 2500÷4000 | 1000÷1700 | - | 20÷40 | 750÷1200 | 300÷400 | 16÷25 |
| 257/2015/PL | | 2500 | 1000 | 500 | 20 | 750 | 300 | 16 |

PL, EU- Polish and European Union regulations



COMMISSION DECISION

of 28 August 2001

establishing ecological criteria for the award of the Community eco-label to soil improvers and growing media

(notified under document number C(2001) 2597)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2001/688/EC)

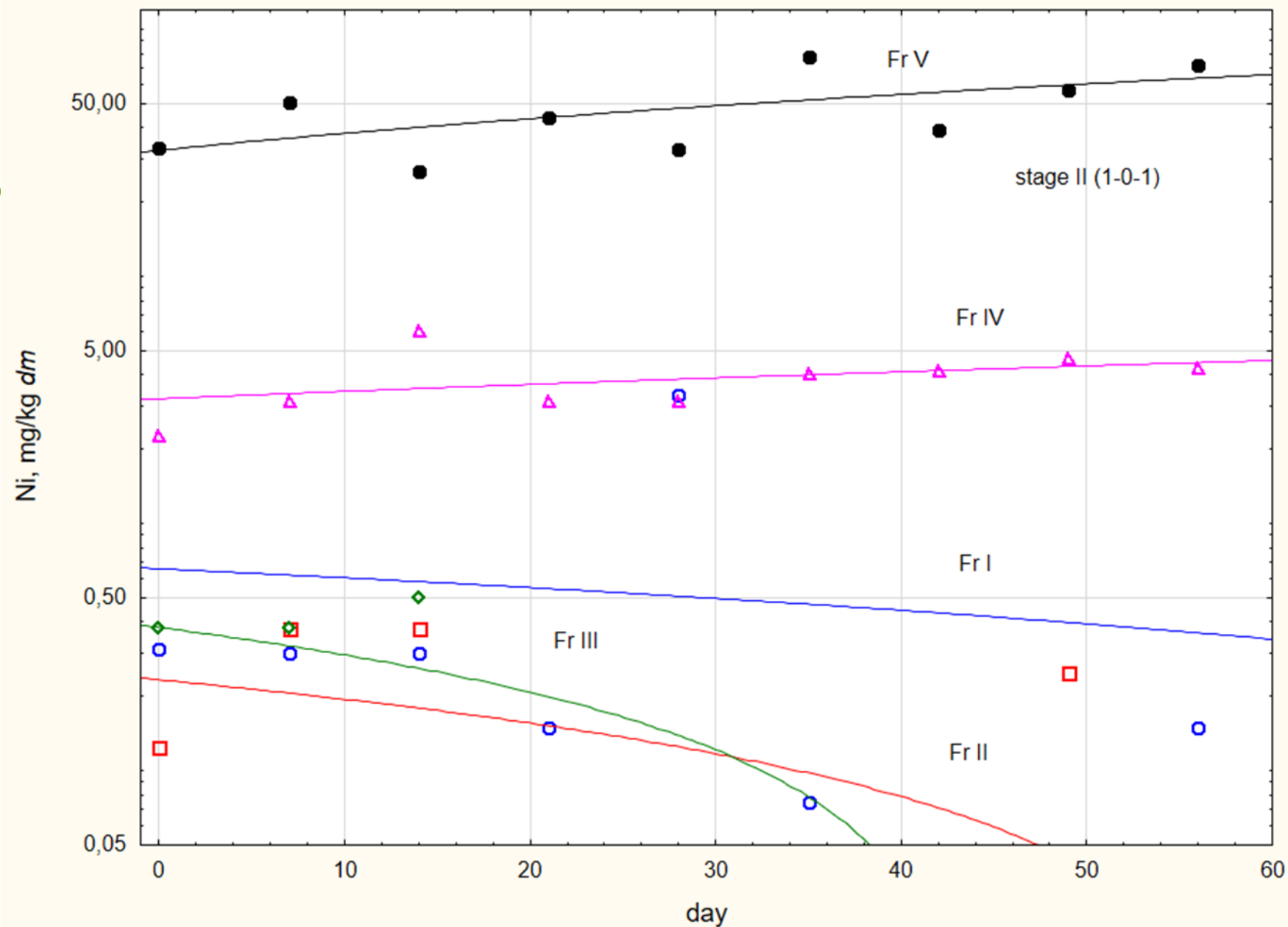
| heavy metals, mg/kg <i>dm</i> | acording with | | compost , days old | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-----|--------------------|-------|-------------|
| | | | 133 | | 105 |
| | PL | EU | 4-1-1 | 8-1-2 | 1-0-1 |
| Cr (VI)* | 100 | 2* | 48 | 58 | - |
| Cd | 5 | 2 | 1,3 | 0,5 | - |
| Ni | 60 | 50 | 17 | 22 | 76,5 |
| Pb | 140 | 120 | 32 | 41 | - |
| Hg | 2 | 1 | 0,37 | 0,55 | - |
| Zn | - | 800 | 453 | 555 | 294,5 |
| Cu | - | 300 | 201 | 253 | 122,5 |
| As (inorganic) | - | 40 | - | - | |

| sample No. | data | time, weeks | Ni, mg/kg d.m. | | | | |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| | | | I | II | III | IV | V |
| 1/1 | 24.11.2020 | 0 | 0,310 | 0,125 | 0,375 | 2,250 | 33,1904 |
| 2/1 | 01.12.2020 | 1 | 0,300 | 0,375 | 0,375 | 3,125 | 50,575 |
| 3/1 | 08.12.2020 | 2 | 0,300 | 0,375 | 0,500 | 6,000 | 28,5750 |
| 4/1 | 15.12.2020 | 3 | 0,150 | 0,000 | 0,000 | 3,125 | 43,9750 |
| 5/1 | 22.12.2020 | 4 | 3,300 | 0,000 | 0,000 | 3,125 | 32,5750 |
| 6/1 | 29.12.2020 | 5 | 0,075 | 0,000 | 0,000 | 4,000 | 77,4250 |
| 7/1 | 05.01.2021 | 6 | 0,000 | 0,000 | 0,000 | 4,125 | 39,3750 |
| 8/1 | 12.01.2021 | 7 | 0,000 | 0,250 | 0,000 | 4,625 | 58,8750 |
| 9/1 | 26.01.2021 | 8 | 0,150 | 0,000 | 0,000 | 4,250 | 72,1000 |

$$Fr(I + II + III) = 0,15$$

$$Fr(IV + V) = 76,35$$

Conclusion: the amount of bioavailable Ni is 0,15 mg/kg d.m. and it's less than acceptable - 50 mg/kg d.m.





Final Report , stage I:

https://www.step-interreg.eu/wp-content/uploads/2019/09/00-final_report_ang_complete-1.pdf

Final Report , stage II: soon

Thank you for attention